



Hereditary Colorectal Cancer

(Lynch Syndrome/HNPCC)

Relevant Lynch-related diagnoses include:

- Colorectal, endometrial, ovarian, gastric, small bowel, hepatobiliary, pancreatic, kidney, ureter or brain cancers
- Colorectal adenomas \leq age 40 or sebaceous gland adenomas

Assessment: Complete and assess family cancer history before referring patients to the Hereditary Cancer Program. Contact the Hereditary Cancer Program at 604-877-6000 local 2325 if in doubt regarding referral.

Referral to Hereditary Cancer Program is indicated if at least one of the following criteria is met:

Confirmed MLH1, MSH2, MSH6 or PMS2 gene mutation in a close family member	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If possible, provide family member's test report with referral
Your patient's personal history	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Colorectal cancer \leq age 40, <i>or</i> • Colorectal cancer \leq age 50, with MSI-H (unstable) result (Report required), <i>or</i> • Colorectal cancer AND a second Lynch-related diagnosis (see above), with at least one diagnosed \leq age 50
Your patient's family history (this may include your patient's diagnosis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 close relative with colorectal cancer AND a second Lynch-related diagnosis (see above), with at least one \leq age 50, <i>or</i> • 2 close relatives with a Lynch-related diagnosis, both \leq age 50, including one colorectal cancer, <i>or</i> • 3 or more close relatives with Lynch-related diagnoses involving more than 1 generation, including 1 diagnosis \leq age 50 AND 1 colorectal cancer

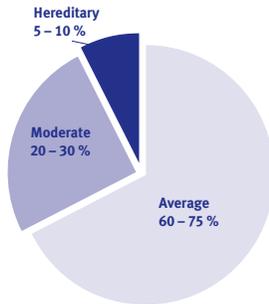
Close Relatives Include: children, brothers, sisters, parents, aunts, uncles, grandparents, and grandchildren **from the same side of the family.** History of cancer in cousins and more distant relatives from the same side of the family may also be relevant.

Print referral form from BC Cancer Agency website www.bccancer.bc.ca/hereditarycancer or call 604-877-6000 local 2198

See other side for information regarding additional inherited cancer syndromes



Cancer risk assessment



Average: 60-75%

- Most common
- Common cancers at usual ages
- Little or no family history of cancer
- Due to common risk factors like age, diet, environment

Moderate: 20-30%

- Cluster of cancers in family
- May be due to chance
- May be due to multiple factors shared in a family, e.g. genes, diet, environment

Hereditary: 5-10%

- Least common
- Strong family history of cancer
- Specific patterns of cancer
- Due to a single gene mutation passed down in family

Genetic testing is also available for the following syndromes

(see website for referral criteria)

- Hereditary breast and ovarian cancer
- Familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP)
- Other polyposis syndromes (eg. MYH – associated polyposis, juvenile polyposis, etc)
- Hereditary diffuse gastric cancer
- Multiple endocrine neoplasias (MEN1, MEN2)
- von Hippel Lindau syndrome
- Hereditary paraganglioma/pheochromocytoma
- Li Fraumeni syndrome

Referral to the Hereditary Cancer Program may also be indicated if:

- A close relative has a confirmed gene mutation associated with another hereditary cancer syndrome (include report)
- Family history is suggestive of a rare hereditary cancer syndrome

Additional information:

www.bccancer.bc.ca/hereditarycancer or call 604-877-6000 local 2198

See other side for information regarding Hereditary Colorectal Cancer (Lynch Syndrome/HNPCC)